

Comprehensive Needs Assessment 2018 - 2019 School Report



Hall County
East Hall Middle School

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.1 Identification of Team

The comprehensive needs assessment team consists of people who are responsible for working collaboratively throughout the needs assessment process. Ideal team members possess knowledge of programs, the capacity to plan and implement the needs assessment, and the ability to ensure stakeholder involvement. A required team member's name may be duplicated when multiple roles are performed by the same person. Documentation of team member involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Teacher	Josh Chapman
Team Member # 2	Teacher	Jeremy Farr
Team Member # 3	Teacher	LaChele Brown
Team Member # 4	Teacher	Jennifer Godwin
Team Member # 5	Asst. Principal	Mitch Murphy
Team Member # 6	Asst. Principal	Susan Pritchett
Team Member # 7	Principal	Kristin Finley

Additional Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Teacher	Emily Allison
Team Member # 2	Teacher	Dana Farr
Team Member # 3	Media Specialist	Jennifer Parker
Team Member # 4	Instructional Coach	Amy Webb
Team Member # 5	Instructional Coach	Candace Wilbanks
Team Member # 6	School Resource Officer	Robbie Kinney
Team Member # 7	School Safety Coordinator	Kevin Baker
Team Member # 8	School Nurse	Ellen Neece
Team Member # 9	School Nutrition Manager	Penny Whitmire
Team Member # 10	Teacher	Lindsey Davenport

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.2 Identification of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are those individuals with valuable experiences and perspective who will provide the team with important input, feedback, and guidance. Required stakeholders must be engaged in the process to meet the requirements of participating federal programs. Documentation of stakeholder involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation</u> webinar for additional information and guidance.

Stakeholders

	Position/Role	Name
Stakeholder # 1	Instructional Coach	Amy Webb
Stakeholder # 2	Instructional Coach	Candace Wilbanks
Stakeholder # 3	Parent Liaison	Irma Velez
Stakeholder # 4	Parent	Heather Barrett
Stakeholder # 5	School Resource Officer	Chris Alford
Stakeholder # 6	School Council Member	Mitch Chapman
Stakeholder # 7	School Council Member	Sandy Salyers
Stakeholder # 8	School Board Member	Sam Chapman

How will the team ensure that stakeholders	Non-employees, such as School Council members, were informed of the needs
are able to provide meaningful feedback	assessment process in meetings. A survey was sent to collect information.
throughout the needs assessment process?	There is a page located on our website for people to provide feedback to the
	school electronically, as well as email. Parents and other stakeholders can also
	provide input through staff members. Parent Connection meetings, held
	monthly, are a forum for gathering and disseminating information.

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.1 Coherent Instructional System

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of instructional needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Coherent Instructional System webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

	Curriculum Standard 1 - Uses systematic, collaborative planning processes so that teachers share an understanding of expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction		
1. Exemplary	A systematic, collaborative process is used proactively for curriculum planning.		
	Nearly all teachers or groups of teachers, support staff, and leaders within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		
2. Operational	A systematic, collaborative process is used regularly for curriculum planning.	✓	
	Most teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		
3. Emerging	A collaborative process is used occasionally for curriculum planning.		
	Some teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process is rarely, if ever, used for curriculum planning.		
	Few, if any, teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		

Curriculum Standard 2 - Designs curriculum documents and aligns resources with the intended rigor of the requistandards		
1. Exemplary	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope, and sequence documents, guides) that are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards are the products of a systematic, collaborative process. These curriculum documents and resources are used and continuously revised by teachers and support staff to ensure an alignment with the intended, taught, and tested standards.	
2. Operational	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope and sequence documents, guides) have been designed, and resources are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards. These curriculum documents and resources guide the work of teachers and instructional support staff.	√
3. Emerging	Curriculum documents and resources exist, but they are not complete in all content areas or grade levels or lack the intended rigor of the required standards	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, curriculum documents and resources exist to support the implementation of the intended rigor of the required standards.	

Instruction Standard 1 - Provides a supportive and well - /bmanaged environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most	✓
	classrooms.	
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some	
	classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few,	
	if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 3 standards	- Establishes and communicates clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to cur	riculum
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work. Articulation of the learning targets is consistent and pervasive among like content areas and grade levels	
2. Operational	Most teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work.	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any teachers establish clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	

Instruction Standard	- Uses research based instructional practices that positively impact student learning	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers pervasively demonstrate a repertoire of highly effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	
2. Operational	Most teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 5	- Differentiates instruction to meet specific learning needs of students	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Nearly all teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL). Remediation, enrichment, and acceleration are pervasive practices.	
2. Operational	Most teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Most teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.	

Instruction Standard 6 - Uses appropriate, current technology to enhance learning		
1. Exemplary	The use by staff members and students of appropriate, current technology to enhance learning is an institutional practice (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	
2. Operational	Most staff members and students use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	√
4. Not Evident	Some staff members, students, or both use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 7 - Provides feedback to students on their performance on the standards or learning targets		S
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
	Nearly all teachers systematically elicit diagnostic information from individual students regarding their understanding of the standards or learning targets.	
2. Operational	Most teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
3. Emerging	Some teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, descriptive feedback on their performance.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with feedback on their performance, or the feedback that is provided is not specific, timely, or understandable.	

Instruction Standard 8 - Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own prog		wn progress
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress. Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

Instruction Standard 9 - Provides timely, systematic, data - /bdriven interventions		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs. Interventions are designed to meet the needs of each student. The effectiveness of those interventions is consistently monitored and adjustments are made.	
2. Operational	Most students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.	✓
3. Emerging	Some students are provided extra assistance or needed support in a timely manner.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students are provided extra assistance or effective support in a timely manner.	

Assessment Standard 1 - Aligns assessments with the required curriculum standards		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	✓
	Assessments are reviewed during the school year to ensure alignment.	
2. Operational	Most assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
3. Emerging	Some assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	

Assessment Standard 3 - Uses common assessments aligned with the required standards to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices		
1. Exemplary	Teachers consistently use common assessments aligned with the required standards in nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both for diagnostic, summative, and formative purposes.	
	The data from the common assessments are analyzed down to the item level, and the results are used to inform instruction and improve teacher practices.	
2. Operational	Teachers use common assessments aligned with the required standards in most content areas to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices.	√
3. Emerging	Teachers use some common assessments aligned with the required standards in a few content areas with a limited amount of data analysis to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	
4. Not Evident	Teachers use few, if any, common assessments to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	

Assessment Standard 4 - Implements a process to collaboratively analyze assessment results to adjust instruction		
1. Exemplary	Teachers extensively use a systematic, collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is consistently adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results across all content areas, grade levels, or both.	
2. Operational	Teachers regularly use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is routinely adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	✓
3. Emerging	Teachers occasionally use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is sometimes adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process to analyze assessment results does not exist. Instruction is rarely, if ever, adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	

Assessment Standard 5 - Implements grading practices that provide an accurate indication of student progress or required standards		on the
1. Exemplary	The grading practices used by teachers across nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both, consistently provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
2. Operational	The grading practices used by teachers in most content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
3. Emerging	The grading practices used by teachers in some content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	✓
4. Not Evident	The grading practices used by teachers rarely, if ever, provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.2 Effective Leadership

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of leadership needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Effective Leadership webinar for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Standard 1 - Builds and sustains relationships to foster the success of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	Administrators consistently build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	
	The school staff is fully engaged in relationship building through collaboration, internal and external communication, and building trust with staff, students, families, and community stakeholders.	
2. Operational	Administrators regularly build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	✓
3. Emerging	Administrators sometimes build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators seldom, if ever, build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	

Leadership Standard 2	- Initiates and manages change to improve staff performance and student learning	
1. Exemplary	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning.	
	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders create a sense of urgency for change and effectively communicate a common vision.	
2. Operational	Administrators and the school leadership team initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning.	√
	The principal provides an appropriate balance of pressure and support to manage the change process for desired results.	
3. Emerging	Administrators initiate change to improve staff performance and student learning but do not sustain the change, remove barriers, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators initiate few, if any, changes that impact staff performance and student learning.	

_	Leadership Standard 3 - Uses systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and		
professional learning pra 1. Exemplary	The principal and other school leaders continually use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices. The principal and other school leaders have a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the best practices for curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning.	√	
2. Operational	The principal and other school leaders often use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.		
3. Emerging	The principal and other school leaders occasionally use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.		
4. Not Evident	The principal and other school leaders rarely, if ever, use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.		

Leadership Standard 4 - Uses processes to systematically analyze data to improve student achievement		
1. Exemplary	Extensive, comprehensive processes, including root cause analysis, are used consistently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	✓
2. Operational	Numerous processes are used frequently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
3. Emerging	Some processes are in place and used occasionally to analyze data to improve student achievement.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, processes are in place to analyze data to improve student achievement.	

Leadership Standard 5 - Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities. Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	√
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Leadership Standard 6	- Establishes and supports a data-driven school leadership team that is focused on studen	nt learning
1. Exemplary	A highly effective, proactive, and data-driven school leadership team is focused on student learning. The leadership team addresses nearly all areas of student and staff learning and school leadership, including the development, implementation, and regular monitoring of the school improvement plan.	✓
2. Operational	A data-driven school leadership team is established with stakeholder representation (e.g., core and non-core teachers, certified support staff) and is focused on student learning. The school leadership team meets regularly and uses norms and protocols to work effectively and efficiently.	
3. Emerging	The school leadership team is established and has some stakeholder representation but is focused chiefly on school operations rather than student learning.	
4. Not Evident	A school leadership team does not exist or does not have adequate stakeholder representation.	

Leadership Standard 7	- Monitors and evaluates the performance of teachers and other staff using multiple data	sources
1. Exemplary	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff through observations, surveys, data, and documentation is consistent and comprehensive, resulting in highly accurate performance evaluations. A comprehensive system is in place to provide teachers and staff with ongoing,	
	accurate, timely, detailed, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
	Administrators use the evaluation process to identify role models, teacher leaders, or both.	
2. Operational	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff regularly occurs using data or documentation, generally resulting in accurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive accurate, timely, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	✓
3. Emerging	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff is inconsistent, incomplete, or lacks data or documentation, sometimes resulting in inaccurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive some descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff rarely occurs or often results in inaccurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive little or no descriptive feedback related to their performance.	

Leadership Standard 8 - Provides ongoing support to teachers and other staff		
1. Exemplary	A comprehensive support system that is timely and targeted to individual needs is	
	provided to teachers and other staff.	
2. Operational	Most support provided to teachers and other staff is targeted to individual needs.	
3. Emerging	Some support provided to teachers and staff is targeted to individual needs.	✓
4. Not Evident	Support to teachers and staff does not exist or is not targeted to individual needs.	

	Planning and Organization Standard 1 - Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders. The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.		
	The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained commitment to continuous improvement.		
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders. The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	√	
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.		
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.		

Planning and Organization Standard 2 - Uses a data-driven and consensus-oriented process to develop and implement a			
school improvement pla	school improvement plan that is focused on student performance		
1. Exemplary	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from nearly all stakeholders. The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a strong focus on increasing	√	
	This process and plan consistently guide the work of the school staff.		
2. Operational	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from most plan stakeholders. The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a focus on increasing student performance.		
3. Emerging	A school improvement plan has been developed with input from some stakeholders. The school improvement plan is based on incomplete data analysis with limited focus on student performance.		
4. Not Evident	An up-to-date, data-driven school improvement plan focused on student performance is not in place.		

Planning and Organization Standard 3 - Monitors implementation of the school improvement plan and makes adjustment as needed		
1. Exemplary	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are continually monitored by administrators, the school leadership team, and teacher leaders to evaluate the impact on student performance. Ongoing adjustments are made based on various performance, process, and perception data.	√
2. Operational	he goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are regularly monitored by administrators and the school leadership team to evaluate the impact on student performance. Adjustments are made to the plan, as needed, based on the analysis of data.	
3. Emerging	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are occasionally monitored by administrators.	
4. Not Evident	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 4 - Monitors the use of available resources to support continuous improvement		
1. Exemplary	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is consistently monitored. School schedules and processes are designed to make effective use of personnel, time, materials, and equipment.	
2. Operational	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is frequently monitored.	✓
3. Emerging	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is inconsistently monitored.	
4. Not Evident	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 5 - Develops, communicates, and implements rules, policies, schedules, and		
procedures to maximize	student learning and staff effectiveness	
1. Exemplary	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed with stakeholder input, effectively communicated, and consistently implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are consistently reviewed and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed, communicated, and implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are periodically reviewed and systematically revised as needed.	
3. Emerging	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed but are not effectively communicated or are implemented inconsistently across the school.	✓
4. Not Evident	Rules, policies, or procedures are not developed, are poorly communicated, or are ineffectively implemented. In some cases, rules, policies, schedules, or procedures are out of date or have become barriers to student learning or staff effectiveness.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.3 Professional Capacity

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of professional capacity needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Professional Capacity webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Professional Capacity Data

Leadership Standard 5 - Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and	✓
	problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or	
	problem-solving.	

Professional Learning Standard 1 - Aligns professional learning with needs identified through analysis of a variety of data		
1. Exemplary	Professional learning needs are identified and differentiated through a collaborative	
	analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of	
	student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data,	
	perception data from students, staff, and families).	
	Ongoing support is provided through differentiated professional learning.	
2. Operational	Professional learning needs are identified through a collaborative analysis process	✓
	using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work,	
	process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception	
	data from students, staff, and families).	
3. Emerging	Professional learning needs are identified using limited sources of data.	
4. Not Evident	Professional learning needs are identified using little or no data.	

Professional Capacity Data

_	Professional Learning Standard 2 - Establishes a culture of collaboration among administrators and staff to enhance individual and collective performance	
1. Exemplary	Administrators and staff, as a foundational practice, consistently collaborate to support leadership and personal accountability and to enhance individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback). Teachers conduct action research and assume ownership of professional learning processes.	
2. Operational	Administrators and staff routinely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).	√
3. Emerging	Administrators and staff sometimes collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators and staff rarely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	

Professional Learning Standard 3 - Defines expectations for implementing professional learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both consistently define expectations for the implementation of professional learning, including details regarding the stages of	✓
	implementation and how monitoring will occur as implementation progresses.	
2. Operational	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both regularly define expectations for the	
3. Emerging	implementation of professional learning. Administrators, teacher leaders, or both occasionally define expectations for the	
3. Emerging	implementation of professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both rarely, if ever, define expectations for the	
	implementation of professional learning.	

Professional Capacity Data

Professional Learning Standard 4 - Uses multiple professional learning designs to support the various learning staff		needs of the
1. Exemplary	Staff members actively participate in job-embedded professional learning that engages collaborative teams in a variety of appropriate learning designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks). Professional learning includes extensive follow-up with descriptive feedback and coaching.	
2. Operational	Staff members actively participate in professional learning, most of which is job-embedded, which includes multiple designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem-solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks) to support their various learning needs. Professional learning includes follow-up with feedback and coaching.	√
3. Emerging	Some staff members are engaged in professional learning that makes use of more than one learning design to address their identified needs.	
4. Not Evident	Staff members receive single, stand-alone professional learning events that are informational and mostly large-group presentation designs.	

Professional Learning Standard 5 - Allocates resources and establishes systems to support and sustain effective plearning		
1. Exemplary	Extensive resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are allocated to support and sustain effective professional learning. Opportunities to practice skills, receive follow-up, feedback, and coaching are provided to support the effectiveness of professional learning.	
2. Operational	Adequate resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are in place to support and sustain professional learning.	√
3. Emerging	Some resources and systems are allocated to support and sustain professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, resources and systems are provided to support and sustain professional learning.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.4 Family and Community Engagement

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to family and community engagement. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Family Community Engagement webinar for additional information and guidance. Visit Georgia's Family Connection Partnership's KIDS COUNT for additional data.

Family and Community Engagement Data

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•	Family and Community Engagement Standard 1 - Creates an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects fam and community members to the school		
1. Exemplary	The school has a well-established, inviting learning environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school. Numerous opportunities are given to family members to become actively engaged in school-related events and improvement efforts as participants, event managers, and workers.		
2. Operational	The school has created an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	√	
3. Emerging	The school has made some progress toward creating an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.		
4. Not Evident	The school has not created an environment that welcomes, encourages, or connects family and community members to the school.		

Family and Community Engagement Standard 2 - Establishes structures that promote clear and open community between the school and stakeholders		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented. Structures are continuously monitored for reliable and interactive communication.	
2. Operational	Most structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Some structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	

Family and Community Engagement Data

	Family and Community Engagement Standard 3 - Establishes relationships and decision-making processes that build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students		
1. Exemplary	A wide variety of relationships and collaborative decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services, post-secondary partnerships) are pervasive in promoting student success and well being.		
	Expectations for family and community engagement are embedded in the culture and result in stakeholders being actively involved in decision-making.		
2. Operational	Numerous relationships and decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services) effectively build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students.		
3. Emerging	Limited relationships and decision-making processes have been initiated by the school to build capacity for family and community engagement.	√	
4. Not Evident	Relationships and decision-making processes for families and the community are non-existent, or those that do exist contribute minimally to student success.		

Family and Commus	nity Engagement Standard 4 - Communicates academic expectations and current student a	achievement
1. Exemplary	The school staff provides families with ongoing, detailed academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols).	
	Extensive communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, student-led parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
2. Operational	The school staff communicates academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols) throughout the year. Regular communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, parent conferences, report cards, reading level	✓
3. Emerging	reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system). The school staff communicates some academic expectations at the start of the year. Some communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to inform families of academic expectations. Little, if any, communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	

Family and Community Engagement Data

Family and Community Engagement Standard 5 - Develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at he will enhance academic achievement		
1. Exemplary	The school continually develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
2. Operational	The school frequently develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
3. Emerging	The school occasionally develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	✓
4. Not Evident	The school seldom, if ever, develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 6 - Connects families with agencies and resources in the community the needs of students		unity to meet
1. Exemplary	The school has a systematic process in place to connect families with an array of agencies and resources (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	
2. Operational	The school regularly connects families to agencies and resources in the community (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	√
3. Emerging	The school sometimes connects families to agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school does little to connect families with agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.5 Supportive Learning Environment

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to a supportive learning environment. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students). See the Supportive Learning Environment webinar for additional information and guidance.

Instruction Standard 1 - Provides a supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	✓
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	~
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 8 - Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own pro-		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor	
	their own progress.	
	Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by	
	engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their	
	own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	√
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

School Culture Standard 1 - Develops, communicates, and implements rules, practices, and procedures to maintain a safe orderly learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are proactively developed, communicated, and consistently implemented across the school. These rules, practices, and procedures are continually monitored and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are developed, communicated, and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Rules, practices, and procedures are developed and communicated but are ineffective or inconsistently implemented across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly, learning environment are not developed nor updated or are poorly communicated.	

School Culture Stan community	dard 2 - Establishes a culture of trust and respect that promotes positive interactions and a s		
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A pervasive commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of		
	community is evident.		
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A sustained commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	√	
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A limited commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.		
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. Unresolved conflicts interfere with a sense of community.		

School Culture Standar	d 3 - Establishes a culture that supports the college and career readiness of students	
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students. The school culture supports addressing individual achievement needs and strengths to prepare students for success.	✓
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.	
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	

School Culture Standa	rd 4 - Supports the personal growth and development of students	
1. Exemplary	The school staff consistently provides a comprehensive system of support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to maximize the personal growth and development of nearly all students.	
2. Operational	The school staff regularly provides support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to enhance the personal growth and development of students.	✓
3. Emerging	The school staff sporadically supports the personal growth and development of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to support the personal growth and development of students.	
School Culture Standa	rd 5 - Recognizes and celebrates achievements and accomplishments of students and staf	f
1. Exemplary	The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	
	The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support the culture of the school.	
2. Operational	The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	
3. Emerging	The school community periodically recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students and/or staff.	√
4. Not Evident	The school community rarely, if ever, recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students or staff.	

Planning and Organiza continuous improvement	andard 1 - Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the ss	
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders. The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.	
	The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained commitment to continuous improvement.	
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders. The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	√
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.	
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.6 Data Analysis Questions

Analyze the LEA's data and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of demographic and financial needs. Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students).

What perception data did you use?	The group reviewed the results of Glows and Grows surveys, parent perception survey data, and minutes from discussions held in grade level meetings and
	collaborative content PLCs.

What does the perception data tell you? The Glows and Grows survey results indicate a fairly consistent instructional framework throughout the school. There are many strong and experienced collaborative content teams that plan standards-based lessons. Teachers feel supported and they have adequate resources to enhance student learning. Conversely, student self-monitoring, providing effective student feedback, and unifying grading practices are areas for growth. Most teachers are collaborating, utilizing standards-based classrooms, and using an assortment of instructional strategies to encourage student growth. However, due to the increasing number of teachers who are new to EHMS, diversity among educational philosophies, and other factors, there are a few teachers who are unable or unwilling to fulfill the expectations EHMS holds. Clubs, fine arts, and sports help develop and support a healthy, positive, well-rounded student. TKES holds teachers accountable for creating a positive learning environment. According to survey results, our students feel safe and feel like their teachers care about them. They report being somewhat concerned about drug use, gang activity, self-harm, and weapons brought to school. We have solid RtI processes in place to help meet the needs of struggling students. Advisement is designed to teach character and address the affective side of school including such issues as self-harm. Parents surveyed indicated they want more information yet those same parents report that they do not contact the school often nor do they want to be involved. Our primary challenge is getting parent buy-in and involvement in decision-making processes. Overall, the group felt there are systems in place to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and learning practices. and processes to systematically analyze data to improve student achievement. There exists a data-driven leadership team that is focused on student learning. The school improvement plan is monitored and adjustments made as needed. Our strengths lie within our contents and subgroups in terms of growth, but we struggle to meet sub-group goals for achievement, particularly ELL and SWD which are both heavily weighted for CCRPI.

What process data did you use?	Process data sources included school leadership team meeting agendas and minutes, collaborative content minutes, grade level minutes, PLC sign-in sheets and related files, progress monitoring data sheets, and SIT meeting minutes.
What does your process data tell you?	All teachers are highly qualified, and a majority of teachers (69%) hold advanced degrees. Content teams plan common assessments and align lessons with standards. Strong processes are in place to facilitate collaboration among teachers. The School Improvement Team is active in monitoring student progress and meets regularly. All teachers have developed plans for effective progress monitoring. There is job-embedded professional learning to address academic literacy - a major initiative right now and continuing into the near future.
What achievement data did you use?	Achievement data were collected from Milestones EOG and EOC results, Reading Inventory (RI), CCRPI calculations, PPPA results; Progress Monitoring data including unit tests, benchmarks, and common summatives; and the Hall County Balanced Scorecard and related measures. The team also used data reports and tools on the DOE and GOSA websites.
What does your achievement data tell you?	The overall academic performance of EHMS students is 66% higher than the rest of the schools in Georgia. The overall academic growth of EHMS students is 93% higher than the rest of schools in Georgia. The students are showing high growth in both ELA and math throughout their middle school years. The improvements in Lexile levels as measured by RI will positively impact standardized test scores. Our expectation is that Lexiles will continue to grow as we implement a new literacy initiative in 2018-19. According to the CCRPI scores from the past few years, EHMS has remained stable. Typically, the achievement scores are not the highest in Hall County, but the student progress in ELA and math over students' three years at EHMS is exceptional. In recent years, achievement data were negatively impacted by teacher turnover rate, inexperience in tracking student progress, and other factors. As EHMS continues to grow increasingly diverse, maintaining a stable environment with coherent instructional practices is critical for continued progress.
What demographic data did you use?	The demographic data sources examined by the team include enrollment data, absentee rates among students and teachers, race and ethnicity, SWD, ELL, ED, discipline records, and school climate rating. The team also explored trends in total enrollment, attendance, discipline resolutions, and teacher professional capacity.

What does the demographic data tell you?	Our Hispanic population continues to grow as do both the EL and SWD
	subgroups. The ED subgroup has slightly decreased. At EHMS, 49% of
	student missed more than six days of school, so absenteeism is a concern. The
	percentage of students serving OSS dropped from 15% to 7% over the past few
	years.

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.1 Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Read the trends and patterns summaries from each section of the data analysis process. Use the information in these summaries to complete 3.2 and 3.3. Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.2. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Coherent Instructional: Summarize the coherent instructional system trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

EL and SWD subgroups still struggle. Reading scores need to improve. We have strong processes in place to facilitate collaboration among teachers and there is a consistent instructional framework in place. We have high student growth measures and make small gains in achievement each year. In most classrooms, the learning environment is supportive and well managed, and individual student needs are met through a system of flexible grouping strategies to provide differentiated instruction. Professional Learning Communities are established and teachers work collaboratively in each content area to plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, and expression to meet student learning needs. However, more work is needed in the areas of providing academically challenging, student-centered environments where specific learning needs can be met and student progress be monitored through diagnostic and formative measures. Students also need to be taught how to self-monitor their progress and be held accountable for doing so. There should also be a more coherent grading system among departments and grade levels.

All teachers are involved in data analysis and progress monitoring. A school-wide effort addressing progress monitoring for all students has been implemented and is being used to provide differentiated instruction based on individual student needs. This is a relatively new process for some teachers and there is room for improvement. Another element of student self-monitoring is teachers providing timely and specific feedback for improvement.

Effective Leadership: Summarize the effective leadership trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Middle school leaders use data to drive instruction and decision making processes at East Hall Middle. This ensures implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning. Two areas/standards that are seen as emerging are: 1) provides ongoing support to teachers and staff; and 2) develops, communicates, and implements rules, policies, schedules, and procedures to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. In order to address these issues, more individualized support is needed for the various groups. Additionally, the procedures and policies need to be communicated and implemented more consistently throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Professional Capacity: Summarize the professional capacity trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

The new system of professional learning used this academic year will lead to higher student achievement and a stronger school culture. Professional learning needs are now determined by teacher and their perceptions of the needs of their students. Surveys were completed by teachers to determine areas of need, and job-embedded professional learning needs have been met through such processes as BLaST, grade level PL, and collaborative content PLCs.

Family and Community Engagement: Summarize the family and community engagement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

EHMS offers multiple events for parents to come in to the school. These include Open House, curriculum nights, showcase nights, monthly parent meetings, Fifth Grade Parent Night, School Council, and Coffee with Administrators among others. While we have had significant numbers of parents attend some events, we have not had much parent input on decision-making beyond parent surveys. Parents feel welcome at EHMS but seem unsure what to do to support the school and students. Our challenge is getting a core group of parents empowered to help play an active role in the school culture.

Supportive Learning Environment: Summarize the supportive learning environment trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs? A supportive and well-managed learning environment is evident in most classrooms. Evidence shows that a culture of trust and respect has been established. Faculty and staff are committed to promoting positive interactions. A sense of community is evident throughout the school. However, celebrating the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff needs to be a priority, as well as providing opportunities and avenues for students to actively monitor their own progress.

Demographic and Financial: Summarize the demographic and financial trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

East Hall Middle School student population is more than half Hispanic with large numbers of students who are economically disadvantaged. Many of our Hispanic students are English Language Learners. Our percentage of students identified and served as Gifted aligns with the Georgia state average. The percentage of EHMS students identified as SWD is more than four percent higher than the state and county averages. Many of our Hispanic parents speak little or no English. They are growing more comfortable trying to communicate with front office staff while waiting for the Parent Liaison. In many Hispanic families, adults demonstrate respect for the school by not coming to the school or questioning what we do - they trust us. However, as that does not align with American school expectations for parents, it is more difficult for us to increase parent involvement among traditional Hispanic families. Teachers would benefit from learning how to help all parents support student learning at home as they are the ones most likely to be contacted by parents. Helping students at home is a focus of the monthly parent meetings, but again here parent participation is limited.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Student Achievement: Summarize the student achievement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

East Hall Middle School has traditionally been lauded for student growth despite our scores not often being among the highest in our county in terms of achievement. We have not yet been able to fully examine the 2017-18 Milestones EOC and EOG data and are eager to study the impact on scores and the possible resulting changes in trends as a result of students taking EOCs no longer being required to take the corresponding EOGs. Early indications are that seventh grade math will see an overall increase, much to the delight of the teachers working so hard there. Eighth grade science EOGs have traditionally been the highest in the county, but this year that trend is broken, due largely to a change in personnel. Changes are already in place for the 2018-19 school year in pursuit of returning to our previous status. It is important that we not neglect the highest achieving EHMS students as we focus intently on our lower performers. In terms of scores associated with individual teachers, those who have traditionally produced high results continue to do so. Likewise, pockets of concern with respect to individual teachers' scores remain largely the same.

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the Identifying Need webinar for additional information and guidance.

Strengths	We have sound processes in place for monitoring the progress of students in
· ·	our subgroups. Our teachers have highly functional collaborative planning
	teams and grade level teams that include the SWD and EL teachers, so they are
	able to contribute to instructional planning and decision-making.
	Approximately three quarters of our students are economically disadvantaged,
	so the teachers who have worked here for a number of years are both educated
	and experienced in identifying and addressing the unique needs of these
	students. They teach newer teachers in their content collaboration groups and
	grade levels about the ways we have been successful in gaining ground with
	economically disadvantaged students and families. At the central office level
	our county provides strong support for teachers of SWD and ELL that includes
	ongoing job-embedded professional learning about effective instructional
	strategies. These teachers share with general education teachers because we
	know that strategies that are effective with students in our subgroups will be
	good for all students. We have strong SWD and EL teacher leaders in place,
	and they are the same as last year which affords us the positive benefits of
	consistency.

problems and other disabilities are prevalent among our students' parents and

other caregivers. All of these concerns pose challenges with respect to educating students in any one of these sub-groups, not to mention those who

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Challenges Children of poverty (approximately 76% of EHMS students) lack background knowledge that other students develop as a natural part of growing up. Therefore, our teachers are challenged with building the schema students need to master grade level standards. Our SWD population is more than 4% higher than the state average and continues to grow. Budget constraints often put us in the position of having to schedule classes in which the number of SWD students exceeds the number of gen ed students and also results in a teacher:student ration higher than would maximize teacher effectiveness. We also have a high number of students who fall into two of these subgroups and a handful who are categorized by all three. Additionally, we are seeing increasing numbers of students begin the RtI process in middle school with the end result being they are staffed into special education. They are not being recognized at the elementary level, perhaps as a result of developing coping strategies that have worked for them until the content becomes so difficult that their challenges outnumber their successes. Many students have little to no parent or family support at home. Many have no time for homework or studying because they care for their younger siblings so that their parents can work multiple jobs at all hours. Additionally, there appears to be a trend among ED families in which one parent, typically the mother, is raising multiple children who are often from different fathers. Mental health

fall into two or even all three.

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.2 Identification and Prioritization of Overarching Needs

Use the results of 3.1 to identify the overarching needs of the LEA. Determine the priority order of the identified needs based on data, team member and stakeholder knowledge, and answers to questions in the table below. Be sure to address the major program challenges identified in 3.1. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need	Increase student achievement school-wide
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	No Change
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	1

Additional Considerations	This was a SIP goal in 2017-18 and resulted in our move to implement the reader/writer
	workshop model in all ELA classrooms beginning in 2018-19. We know that our students'
	reading and ELA skills and scores need to improve and that what we have been doing in
	the past no longer appears to be working. Therefore, a change is needed to affect student
	achievement. We hope that the individual student conference that is a part of this model
	with have a positive impact on student learning outcomes.

Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need	Research and implement reflective practices
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or worse over time?	Worse
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	2

Additional Considerations

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.3 Root Cause Analysis

Select the top 2-4 overarching needs from 3.2. Conduct a separate root cause analysis (RCA) for each need. Any RCA tools and resources can be used, but suggestions are available as part of the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u>. After describing the RCA process, complete a table for each selected overarching need.

Overarching Need - Increase student achievement school-wide

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Teacher turnover
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	As years have passed since the school's AYP struggles, there has naturally been teacher
	turnover. It is important that new teachers know the history of EHMS to gain insight into
	why we do some of the things that we do.

Root Cause # 2

Root Causes to be Addressed	Inconsistent use of research-based best practices
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children

Root Cause # 2

Impacted Programs	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	There are many teachers still at EHMS who participated in the Raising Standards
	trainings, and they continue to implement best practices faithfully. However, we have not
	emphasized best practices with new teachers the way that we should have. We also need to
	redesign our new teacher mentoring program.

Root Cause # 3

Root Causes to be Addressed	Many students are reading below grade level
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

	Additional Responses	Continue our focus on increasing academic literacy and student reading levels
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Overarching Need - Research and implement reflective practices

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Students do not take ownership of their own learning and outcomes
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Root Cause # 1

Impacted Programs	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	

Root Cause # 2

Root Causes to be Addressed	Students do not understand what success looks like
This is a root cause and not a	No
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	No
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	
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Root Cause # 3

Root Causes to be Addressed	Students struggle in non-linear thinking
This is a root cause and not a	No
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	No
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program

NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

Root Cause # 3

Impacted Programs	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	



School Improvement Plan 2018 - 2019



Hall County
East Hall Middle School

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

1 General Improvement Plan Information

General Improvement Plan Information

District	Hall County
School Name	East Hall Middle School
Team Lead	Kristin Finley

Federal Funding Options to Be Employed (SWP Schools) in this Plan (Select all that appy)	
√	Traditional funding (all Federal funds budgeted separately)
	Consolidated funds (state/local and federal funds consolidated) - Cohort systems ONLY
	'FUND 400' - Consolidation of Federal funds only

Factors(s) Used by District to Identify Students in Poverty (Select all that appy)	
✓ Free/Reduced meal application	
	Community Eligibility Program (CEP) - Direct Certification ONLY
	Other (if selected, please describe below)

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.1 Creating Improvement Goals

Creating Improvement Goals

Effective goals assist districts and schools in attaining collective agreement about what work needs to occur for improvement to take place. Goals should focus and prioritize efforts and resources of the district/school to the previously identified needs and create a focus for improvement. Setting goals should be a strategic process which aligns the goals within one of the five systems: Coherent Instruction, Effective Leadership, Professional Capacity, Family and Community Engagement, or Supportive Learning Environement.

There are several categories of goals which may be used in school improvement but the one type which focuses on improving results and not just enhancing processes is a SMART goal. SMART is an acronym for:

Specific Measurable Attainable Relevant Time-Bound

An example of a SMART goal is:

By the end of the school year 2017 - 2018, all teachers will heave training and be included in a PLC for their content-specific area.

Enter the school's two to four overarching needs and related root causes, as identified in the Comprehensive Needs Assessment 2017 - 2018 School Report. Use the codes below to list the structures addressed through the goal within each system. For each system, identify one to six action steps that will be taken to address the root causes that have created the overarching need. Finally, identify any supplemental action steps necessary to ensure the necessary supports are in place for the listed subgroups.

Coherent Instructional

- CIS 1 Planning for quality Instruction
- CIS 2 Delivering Quaility Instruction
- CIS 3 Monitoring student progress
- CIS 4 Refining the instructional system

Family and Community Engagement

- FCE-1 Welcoming all families and the community
- FCE-2 Communicating effectively with all families and the community
- FCE-3 Supporting student access
- FCE-4 Empowering families
- FCE-5 Sharing leadership with families and the community
- FCE-6 Collaborating with the community

Effective Leadership

- EL-1 Creating and maintaining a climate and culture conducive to learning
- EL-2 Cultivating and distributing leadership
- EL-3 Ensuring high quality instruction in all classroom
- EL-4 Managing the School and its resources
- EL-5 Driving improvement efforts

Professional Capacity

- PC-1 Attracting staff
- PC-2 Developing staff
- PC-3 Retaining staff
- PC-4 Ensuring staff collaboration

Supportive Learning Environment

- SLE-1 Maintaining order and safety
- SLE-2 Developing and monitoring a system of supports
- SLE-3 Ensuring a student learning community

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.2 OverarchingNeed # 1

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Increase student achievement school-wide
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Teacher turnover
Root Cause # 2	Inconsistent use of research-based best practices
Root Cause # 3	Many students are reading below grade level
Goal	By the end of the 2018-19 school year, positively impact student achievement scores by
	incorporating research-based best practices school-wide.

A stice Char	Cabacil wide was of the HCCD required common lesson common ante
Action Step	School-wide use of the HCSD required common lesson components
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
	Perkins
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Classroom visits, TKES observations, PLC documentation, lesson plans
Implementation and Effectiveness	<u> </u>
Position/Role Responsible	Administrators, Teachers, Instructional Coaches
Timeline for Implementation	Others : Daily

TATE
What partnerships with IHEs,

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step # 2	D
Action Step	Develop and implement a structured teacher mentoring program.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
	Perkins
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
, ·	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Classroom observations, agendas for meetings, peer observations, minutes from
Implementation and Effectiveness	observation debriefing sessions, personal reflections
Position/Role Responsible	Jeremy Farr - Teacher Leader, Administrators, Instructional Coaches, teachers new to
•	EHMS or to the profession, mentor teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly
*	•

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Continue to develop and implement a school-wide plan to address academic literacy needs
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
8	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
	Perkins
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	School Improvement Team minutes, content PLC agendas and meetings, RI scores in
Implementation and Effectiveness	<u> </u>
Position/Role Responsible	Administrators, counselors, Instructional Coaches, paraprofessionals, teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Schedule math and reading classes during Connections times for students who need
	support
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
	Perkins
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Student schedules and teacher rosters, RtI documentation
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Math and Reading Connections teachers, administrators, counselors
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Professional development for teachers and paraprofessionals to support consistent
	school-wide use of research-based best practices
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A

D 1: C	Tid IV D . A
Funding Sources	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
	Perkins
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Professional Learning agendas, PLC documentation
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Administrators, Instructional Coaches, teachers, paraprofessionals
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships with IHEs,	Harvey Silver with Silver Strong & Associates
business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementating in	
carrying out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Schedule extended day (after school) learning opportunities for at-risk students in ELA, mathematics, science, and social studies
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Classroom teachers maintain progress monitoring data which reflect student progress over
Implementation and Effectiveness	time. Ultimately, Milestones scores will provide evidence.

Position/Role Responsible	Instructional coaches, select math and ELA teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Others:

What partnerships with IHEs,	N/A
business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementating in	
carrying out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Summer school for lower performing students
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Classroom progress monitoring data, Milestones scores; RTI data where available
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Instructional Coach and select teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships with IHEs,	N/A
business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementating in	
carrying out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Provide support and enrichment through student learning opportunities made available
	through the use of technology and computer software.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title II, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Progress monitoring data by contents; student and staff reflections
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Instructional Coaches, teachers, students
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships with IHEs,	N/A
business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementating in	
carrying out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Title I paraprofessional to provide supportive instruction in Reading Connections classes.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Teacher monitors three data sources that include Lexiles, specific standards/skills, fluency,
Implementation and Effectiveness	and comprehension in addition to writing.
Position/Role Responsible	Administration; Mary Nichols (para); Stacey Lorraine, Reading Specialist
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

Action	Step	#	9
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What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.3 OverarchingNeed # 2

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Research and implement reflective practices
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Students do not take ownership of their own learning and outcomes
Root Cause # 2	Students do not understand what success looks like
Root Cause # 3	Students struggle in non-linear thinking
Goal	By the end of the 2018-19 school year, research and develop a school-wide plan to
	incorporate reflective practices.

Action Step	Implement teacher and student reflective practices supported by the use of timely and
	specific feedback
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
	Perkins
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Reflections, PLC documentation, Professional Learning agendas and documents
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers, students, administrators, instructional coaches
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Conduct peer observations - including such structures as classroom visits, awareness
•	walks, Lesson Study, teacher mentoring, etc.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
	Perkins
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Observation documentation, reflections
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers, administrators, instructional coaches
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships with IHEs,
business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementating in
carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Professional learning for teachers to support the SIP goal #2 regarding reflective practices
	and feedback
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
	Perkins
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Professional learning agendas, other professional learning documentation, PLC
Implementation and Effectiveness	documentation
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers, instructional coaches, administrators, counselors
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

	What partnerships with IHEs,
ı	business, Non-Profits,
ı	Community based organizations,
ı	or any private entity with a
۱	demonstrated record of success is
۱	the LEA implementating in
	carrying out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Viking View - a largely internal review modeled after GSAPS. Some outside participants	
	will be included.	
Funding Sources	Title II, Part A	
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged	
	Foster	
	Homeless	
	English Learners	

Subgroups	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	data will be collected and the team will make commendations and recommendations. All
Implementation and Effectiveness	data will be collected and housed in Google Docs. Review teams will present their findings
	to the School Improvement Team following each Viking View.
Position/Role Responsible	Admins, ICs, teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

3 Required Questions

Required Questions

1 In developing this plan, briefly describe how the school sought advice from individuals (teachers, staff, other school leaders, paraprofessionals, specialized instructional support personnel, parents, community partners, and other stakeholders) was accomplished. Advice was gathered first through our Glows and Grows survey (internal perception data), the Title I parent perception survey, and the most recent GSAPS data. Additional parent input was gathered at Parent Connection meetings. The School Council was asked for input and given a survey to complete as well. School Council includes representation from local businesses, parents, teachers, and other staff. Our Partners in Education are invited to give us feedback and input. The plan was written by volunteer members of the School Improvement Team, a group of approximately 25 members representative of all areas and interests of teaching and learning at EHMS.

2 Describe how the school will ensure that low-income and minority children enrolled in the Title I school are not served at disproportionate rates by ineffective, out-of-field, or inexperienced teachers. All EHMS teachers serve low income and minority students, and all are certified in-field teachers. Teachers use the HCSD common lesson components to plan and deliver instruction. Classroom visits and PLC documentation are measures by which administrators and the school improvement team can monitor the use of expected strategies and processes to ensure a highly reliable organization.

3 Provide a general description of the Title I instructional program being implemented at this Title I School. Specifically define the subject areas to be addressed and the instructional strategies/methodologies to be employed to address the identified needs of the most academically at-risk students in the school. Please include services to be provided for students living in local institutions for neglected or delinquent children (if applicable).

The Title I instructional program includes the areas of mathematics, ELA, science and social studies. Our school is implementing strategies to address student academic literacy needs, so literacy supports are used across the curriculum. The reader/writer workshop model will be used in all ELA classes. Math and ELA Connections classes offer students additional support. Our sources of literacy-based best practices include, but are not limited to, Marzano's Classroom Instruction that Works and the Harvey Silver Tools collection. Our local RESA offers standards-based best practices trainings, and we send interested teachers as money and time allow. With our Title I funds we hire personnel to provide additional targeted supports to students identified by multiple data points. We progress monitor all students and pay special attention to subgroups. We develop and implement a forty day Zero Period plan to provide students with additional instruction in their areas of need as identified by local assessments and ongoing progress monitoring. We also use Title I funds to pay for two instructional coaches who provide PL and work with teachers in every aspect of teaching and learning.

4 If applicable, provide a description of how teachers, in consultation with parents, administrators, and pupil services personnel, will identify eligible children most in need of services in Title I targeted assistance schools/programs. Please include a description of how the school will develop and implement multiple (a minimum of 2) objective, academic-based performance criteria to rank students for service. Also include a description of the measurable scale (point system) that uses the objective criteria to rank all students.

Not applicable. East Hall Middle School is a Title I school-wide program.

5 If applicable, describe how the school will support, coordinate, and integrate services with early childhood programs at the school level, including strategies for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood education programs to local elementary school programs.

N/A

6 If applicable, describe how the school will implement strategies to facilitate effective transitions for students from middle grades to high school and from high school to postsecondary education including:

Coordination with institutions of higher education, employers, and local partners; and

Increased student access to early college, high school, or dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities or career counseling to identify student interest and skills. We hold meetings to educate parents and students about the different paths available to them as they move through middle school and on to high school. One of our counselors works with our feeder schools to structure the transition from elementary school to middle, and the other coordinates with our traditional and alternative programs to help with the transition from middle to high school. We have career-type days twice per year, and the CTAE CTSOs and Advisory Council use their connections to expose students to options in high school and beyond. We meet with Michele Hood from Early College at Jones to have the most current information to share with our students and families about options including Move On When Ready (MOWR). MOWR students also have the option of dual enrollment at UNG and Lanier Tech. We have access to the AccuPlacer assessment to identify students who are eligible for MOWR. Our alternative HS programs offer career tech prep courses to help students prepare for success on the AccuPlacer.

7 Describe how the school will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, specifically addressing the effects on all subgroups of students.

One of our counselors is trained in restorative practices. The goal is to mend the teacher-student relationship in an attempt to prevent future struggles. We use a four-step discipline plan that includes parent, teacher, and sometimes counselor intervention allowing students to self-correct before getting to the point of an office referral. Administrators use a counseling approach in conjunction with discipline to help students understand cause/effect relationships and offer alternatives to inappropriate behaviors as well as self-monitoring strategies. Counselors are available to all students and work specifically with those experiencing difficulty in the classroom. We also have

7 Describe how the school will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, specifically addressing the effects on all subgroups of students.

an AVITA outside counselor housed in our building to whom we can make referrals as needed. Infinite Campus offers us behavior data by subgroup; we have begun having faculty meeting discussions about the characteristics of different populations that might impact student-teacher interactions (cultural awareness). When students do end up in ISS they reflect on how they got there and conference with the ISS teacher.

ADDITIONAL RESPONSES

8 Use the space below to provide additional	We have no additional narrative.
narrative regarding the school's	
improvement plan	